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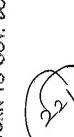
RANDOM SAMPLE EGG PRODUCTION TESTS

United States and Canada

Two-Year Combined Summary, 1972-73 and 1973-74 Range Group Rankings, 1973-74

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January 1975



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PREFACE

Egg production tests are designed to provide poultrymen, hatcherymen, and breeders with a reliable guide to the performance of poultry stocks offered for sale. This publication contains information on many egg production traits that are of economic importance to the trade. The data were compiled from the records of official Random Sample Egg Production Tests conducted in the United States and Canada. The data resulting from these tests have been analyzed statistically by the Animal Improvement Programs Laboratory, Animal Physiology and Genetics Institute, Agricultural Research Service, USDA, Beltsville, Md.

The publication of this report is based on recommendations of the National Committee on Random Sampla Poultry Testing and the Council of American Official Poultry Tests. The information was compiled by the Poultry Improvement Staff, Animal Improvement Programs Laboratory, Agricultural Research Service, from data furnished by Test supervisors.

The publication of this report does not imply approval or endorsement by the U.S. Department of Agriculture of any of the stocks mentioned.

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1974 REPORT OF EGG PRODUCTION TESTS, UNITED STATES AND CANADA

This report is divided into four sections:

- 1. A 2-year combined summary of the data obtained in the 1972-73 and 1973-74 Random Sample Egg Production Tests. These data were treated by acceptable statistical procedures that allow the reader to compare directly the stock entered in the various egg production tests in the United States and Canada.
- 2. An explanation of statistical procedures that were used in computing the regressed means and confidence limits of egg production traits evaluated in the 2-year combined summary.
- 3. A range group ranking for stock that was entered in 1973-74 Random Sample Egg Production Tests. The ranking shows the performance of each stock by traits compared with that of other stock in the same test.
- 4. List of stocks entered in 1973-74 tests and some of the management conditions at the test during the 1973-74 test year.

TWO-YEAR COMBINED SUMMARY FOR TEST YEARS 1972-73 and 1973-74

Entries in the various tests start with a random sample of hatching eggs or chicks of the stock to be tested. Samples are drawn according to prescribed methods to ensure that each entry is typical of the stock it represents. All entries within a test are treated alike with respect to housing, feeding, management, and disease control in order to avoid differences in performance that would be due to environment.

All tests are conducted according to these basic principles. However, even the most carefully designed and conducted tests are influenced by errors of two kinds. The first kind of error is the chance deviation or unavoidable "sampling error" made when a small sample of eggs or chicks represents an entry. The other kind of error is due to uncontrolled or unknown environmental differences between entries that occur in spite of all efforts to treat all entries within a given test as nearly alike as possible. The differences between the results for two entries in a single test for a single year may be due to these chance variations rather than to a real difference in the performance capabilities of the two stocks. The effect of such errors in comparing stocks can be materially reduced by basing comparisons on the combined results of several tests over two or more years.

If all entries compared were entered in the same tests in both years, the simple averages could be compared directly without adjustment. However, differences among tests and between years and those caused by climatic conditions and other environmental factors affect the results. As a consequence, a direct comparison of the test results of two stocks in different tests or in different years may be misleading. Therefore, to present test results in a manner that will allow sound evaluation of all stocks tested, the results were combined, by stocks and by years, and were adjusted by accepted statistical procedures for test and year differences and for variation in amount of information per stock. The results of these computations are published as the "regressed mean" for each trait for each stock that was tested (table 1).

The performance data (regressed means) reported in this summary are derived from the results reported by the individual tests for each of the past two years. It is unlikely, however, that the means for any stock, even though entered in only one test each year, will coincide precisely with the two-year average performance data as published by the test. The variations are due to adjustments for test differences, year difference, the number of tests and of years entered, and the number of replicates per test. These statistical adjustments allow predictions of what the average performance would have been for each stock had all stocks been entered in all tests each year.

The statistical treatment applied to the test data is designed to reduce the influence of nongenetic variations. This cannot be accomplished perfectly, and consequently, estimates or predictions of performance cannot be made with absolute precision. However, reliable predictions, within prescribed limitations, can be made as to whether a difference in the reported performance of stocks represents a real difference in their performance. These predictions involve the use of the confidence limit values that have been computed for each trait or performance factor reported.

A brief explanation of the statistical procedures used in computing the regressed means and confidence limits is provided in the section entitled "Procedures Used for Computing Combined Summary Values."

The following example illustrates the compilation of the two-year combined summary. This and the related explanation will help the reader to use and interpret the data in table 1.

(Illustration of regressed means and 80-percent confidence limits as they might appear for a few traits)

	1			PER	E/		LARG	EAND	ALBU	IMEN		BLOOK	SPOTS	
STOCK CODE	WEI	DY GHT inds)	PROD	ID OF IGS UCED inds)	WEI	GHT (doz.)	EG	LARGE GS cent)	QUAI		ORA	NCH IORE :ent)	LESS 1/8 I (perc	NCH
CODE	RE- GRESSED MEAN	80% ¹ CONF. LIMITS	RE- GRESSED MEAN	80%* CONF. LIMITS	RE- GRESSED MEAN	80%° CONF. LIMITS	RE- GRESSED MEAN	80%* CONF, LIMITS	RE- GRESSED MEAN	80% CONF.	RE- GRESSED MEAN	80%* CONF. LIMITS	RE- GRESSEO MEAN	80% CONF.
		5, 4		2, 95		25.7		75.2		77.1		0.9		2,2
995	5.6	5.8	3, 02	3.09	26.0	26, 3	77, 5	79.8	77.9	78.7	1.1	1.4	2,7	3.2
		4.0		2,77		25.0	ļ	69.0		80.1		0.6		0.8
996	4.2	4.4	2.83	2.89	25,2	25.4	71.0	72.8	80.9	81.7	0.7	1.0	1.1	1.4
		4.5		2.86		24,6		65.5		73.3		1.0		1.5
997	4.7	4.9	2.94	3,02	24.9	25, 2	68.0	70.3	74.1	74.9	1.2	1.4	1.9	2.4
		3.7		2.73		24.9		69.2		75.5		0.9		1,2
998	4.0	4.3	2.84	2, 95	25.3	25.7	72.4	75.6	76.6	77.7	1.0	1,2	1.5	1.9
		3,9		2,47		25.0		67.6		82.3		0.6		0.7
999	4.2	4.5	2.56	2,65	25.4	25.8	70.3	73.0	83.0	83.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.4
	1				1				1				10.1	

^{*}If the confidence limits for two regressed means overlap, the two means are not significantly different at the 5% level.

The range of the confidence limits represents the amount of difference in the performance of two stocks that may be due to chance. If the confidence limits for two regressed means overlap, the two means are not significantly different at the 5-percent level of probability. If the confidence limits for two regressed means do not overlap, the odds are at least 19 in 20 that a real difference exists in the performance of the two stocks.

The use of the above data as a means of evaluating different stocks and traits can be illustrated as follows:

For the trait "Body Weight," the confidence limits of Stock 995 (5.4 to 5.8 lbs.) do not overlap the confidence limits of any of the other stocks. Therefore, Stock 995 has a significantly higher body weight than the others. However, the confidence limits of Stock 996 (4.0 to 4.4 lbs.) overlap the confidence limits of Stock 998 (3.7 to 4.3 lbs.) and Stock 999 (3.9 to 4.5 lbs.). The body weights of these three stocks are, therefore, not significantly different.

Using the trait "Feed per Pound of Eggs Produced" as another example, the confidence limits of Stock 995 (2.95 to 3.09 lbs.), Stock 997 (2.86 to 3.02 lbs.), and Stock 998 (2.73 to 2.95 lbs.) all overlap each other. Thus there is no significant difference in the feed conversion of these three stocks. When comparing the feed conversion of Stock 999 (2.56 lbs.) with that of the other stocks, we see that the range of its confidence limits is from 2.47 to 2.65 lbs. Since this range does not overlap the confidence limits of the other four stocks, Stock 999 has a significantly lower feed conversion than the other stocks listed.

Another example can be shown by using the trait "Albumen Quality." The confidence limits of Stock 995 (77.1 to 78.7) overlap the confidence limits of Stock 998 (75.5 to 77.7). Therefore, there is no significant difference in the albumen quality of these two stocks, even though the regressed mean of Stock 995 is 77.9 Haugh Units and Stock 998 is 76.6 Haugh Units. When Stock 995 is compared with Stocks 996 and 999, we see that the confidence limits of these two stocks do not overlap those of Stock 995. Thus, these two stocks have a significantly higher albumen quality (80.9 and 83.0 Haugh Units, respectively) than the 77.9 Haugh Units of Stock 995. In comparing Stock 995 with Stock 997, the confidence limits do not overlap. In this case, the albumen quality of Stock 997, expressed as a regressed mean of 74.1 Haugh Units is significantly lower than the regressed mean of Stock 995.

The range of the confidence limits will not necessarily be the same for two different stocks that have the same regressed mean. The number of locations in which a stock is entered, the number of replicate pens per location, the number of years entered, and the accuracy involved in adjusting for location and year effects all have a bearing on the range of the confidence limits for each individual regressed mean.

Explanation of Income Figures

The "Income Over Feed and Chick Cost" figures reported in table 1 represent the sales value of the eggs produced and of the hens at the end of the test minus the cost of the chicks and the feed used during the growing and laying periods. These figures may be useful in comparing the overall performance of stocks, but they should not be considered as predictions of "profit" to be obtained under commercial operations. The "income" figures should be reduced by other costs, such as labor, building and equipment depreciation, vaccination, litter, interest, taxes, and insurance, to approximate profits that might be expected under commercial conditions. Surveys conducted among commercial producers indicate that such other costs may range from \$1 to \$2 per pullet housed.

Although the average chick price is reported for each stock, this value cannot be appropriately used to convert the "Income Over Feed and Chick Cost" figure to an income over feed cost figure. The average chick price shown is a simple unadjusted average of the prices reported by the entrant for his entries in the various tests and is not directly comparable to chick cost included in "Income Over Feed and Chick Cost."

Stocks Should be Compared for all Traits

All traits should be considered when using this report to evaluate the overall performance of the various stocks. The values reported for "Income Over Feed and Chick Cost" represent a composite of several traits, combined as determined by the economic conditions of the areas in which the tests are located. The conditions under which the stock is expected to perform in commercial production may differ from those prevailing at the tests, and such differences should be taken into consideration. For example, a poultryman whose local market pays unusually high premiums for large and extra large eggs should place more emphasis on egg size in his evaluation of stock than poultrymen located in areas where such premiums are not available. The local market preference for brown or white shells should also be taken into account. Traits related to interior egg quality that affect the grade are of greatest importance in areas where prices are based on quality standards.

Each person should study his local needs and conditions and then place appropriate emphasis on the performance traits that are of greatest importance to his situation. A productive and profitable stock for one poultryman under one set of conditions may not fit the needs of another poultryman under a different set of conditions.

Definition of Terms Used and Abbreviations

Stock: A term used to identify a specific breeding combination of chickens. These breeding combinations may include pure strains, strain crosses, breed crosses, incresses, or combinations

thereof. Kinds of stock and breeding methods are---

BPR Barred Plymouth Rock BX Crossbred IN Incross
NH New Hampshire WL White Leghorn PS Pure Strain
RIR Rhode Island Red WPR White Plymouth Rock SX Strain Cross

Syn. Synthetic

Tests: Canada Central (C. C.) New Hampshire Cage (N.H.-C.)
Florida (Fla.) New Hampshire Floor (N.H.-F.)

Minnesota (Minn.)
Missouri Cage (Mo.-C.)
Missouri Floor (Mo.-F.)

Missouri Floor (Mo.-F.)

Missouri Floor (Mo.-F.)

Test Year: A period beginning during the first year stated in a double-year designation and ending approximately 500 days later. See management summary shown in table 7.

Definition of Traits

Growing mortality	Percentage of birds that died on or before the time they were 150 days old or subsequent age at housing.
Laying mortality	Percentage of birds that died after they were 150 days old or subsequent age at housing.
Age at 50 percent production	Days of age computed from the first day of the first two consecutive days of 50 percent production for living birds in the entry at that time.
Hen-housed egg production	Number of eggs laid per pullet housed computed from time of housing to the end of the test,
Hen-day egg production (to end of test)	Percent hen-day production from the time birds reached 50 percent production to end of test.
Hen-day egg production (last 30 to 60 daya)	Percent hen-day production during the last 30 to 60 days of the test. Length of time involved varies according to the record keeping system of each individual test.
Feed per pound of eggs	Pounds of feed per pound of eggs produced, computed from bulk weighing of the eggs at least one day every two weeks or two days a month at equal intervals during the laying period of the test.
Egg weight	The weight of a dozen eggs computed from bulk weighing of the eggs at least one day every two weeks or two days a month during the laying period of the test.
Large and extra large eggs	Percentage of large and extra large eggs as determined by egg-size distribution computed from all eggs laid one day each week.
Albumen quality	Haugh units, computed from egg weight and albumen height of broken-out egg measured on one day's eggs per quarter, at equal intervals. The greater the Haugh units the higher the albumen quality.
Large blood spots	Percentage of eggs with one or more large blood spots (1/8 inch or more in diameter), computed from at least three days' eggs per quarter, broken-out basis.
Small blood spots	Percentage of eggs with one or more small blood spots (less than 1/8 inch in diameter), computed from at least three days' eggs per quarter, broken-out basis.
Large meat spots	Percentage of eggs with one or more colored large meat spots (1/8 inch or more in diameter), computed from at least three days' eggs per quarter, broken-out basis.
Small meat spots	Percentage of eggs with one or more colored small meat spots (less than 1/8 inch in diameter), computed from at least three days' egg per quarter, broken-out basis.
Specific gravity score	Eggs are given the specific gravity score that corresponds with the specific gravity of the solution in which they will float. Eggs that do not float in 1.100 solution are given a nine score. The specific gravity of an egg is closely correlated with shell thickness; therefore, the higher the specific gravity score, the thicker the shell. Tabulation of specific gravity solutions and the corresponding specific gravity scores follow:
	Solution Score 1.068 0 1.088 5 1.072 1 1.092 6 1.076 2 1.096 7 1.080 3 1.100 8

Body	weight

Average weight of birds alive at end of test.

Income over feed and chick cost

Income over feed and chick cost per pullet housed, with chick cost in 1,000 lots at hatch date adjusted for mortality (accidental deaths, sexing errors, and missing chicks not included).

Tests and Supervisors

Canada Central Egg Production Test

W. K. Barr, Poultry Production Section, Canada Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada Phone 613/994-9571

Florida Poultry Evaluation Center

R. B. Christmas, Chipley, Fla. 32428 Phone 904/638-0588

Minnesota Random Sample Egg Production Test

Robert E. Moehrle, Department of Agriculture, Division of Poultry Industries, 530 State Office Building, St. Paul, Minn. 55101
Phone 612/296-2861

Missouri Random Sample Egg Production Test (Cage)
Charles W. McElyea, P. O. Box 530, Mountain Grove, Mo. 65711
Phone 612/296-2861

Missouri Random Sample Egg Production Test (Floor)
Charles W. McElyea, P. O. Box 530, Mountain Grove, Mo. 65711
Phone 417/926-4151

New Hampshire Egg Production Test (Cage)

W. C. Skoglund, Department of Poultry Science, University of New Hampshire, Durham, N. H. 03824 Phone 603/862-2130

New Hampshire Egg Production Test (Floor)

W. C. Skoglund, Department of Poultry Science, University of New Hampshire, Durham, N.H. 03824 Phone 603/862-2130

North Carolina Random Sample Egg Laying Test, Salisbury

G. A. Martin, Poultry Extension Department, North Carolina State University, Raleigh, N. C. 27607 Phone 919/755-2621

Pennsylvania Random Sample Laying Test

Edgar V. Hammers, Pennsylvania Furnace, Pa. 16865

Phone 814/692-8446

Tennessee Random Sample Laying Test

H. V. Shirley, Jr., Animal Science Department, University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tenn. 37916 Phone 615/974-7374

Copies of the final report for any of the Random Sample Egg Production Tests listed above can be obtained by writing to the test supervisor.

Table 1.--Two-year combined summary; Regressed means and 80% confidence limits for traits by stocks entered

				STOCK				MORTALITY	LITY		i i	300		ű	GG PRO	EGG PRODUCTION	2	
					PENS	AVG.	GROWING	ING	LAYING		PRODUCTION	-	HEN HOUSED	\vdash	HEN-DAY		HENDAY	DAY
CODE	BREEDER'S NAME AND ADDRESS	BREEDING	ů X	STRAIN		PRICE	(percent)	(Ju.	(percent)	(Jii.	(days)		(number)		O END OF T (percent)		(LAST 30-60 DAYS)	O DAYS
				TRADENAME	LOCA- TIONS	(cents)	RE. GRESSED MEAN	CONF.	RE. GRESSED MEAN	80%" CONF.	RE- GRESSED MCAN	BON. CONF.	RE. GRESSED C	SONF. G	G RESSED MEAN	80% CONF.	RE. GALSSED MCAN	BOSE" CONF.
570	Animal Rescarch Institute Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	w L	PS	Kentville, R. B. C	15	30-0	3.2	2.7	4.6	7.5	176	172	203	195	64.5	62.5	53.3	51.1 55.5
10	Anthony, George M. & Sons Strausstown, Pa. 19559	W.L	×	Anthony	57 15	31.9	w m	2.7	13.1	11.3	177	173	214	208	68.5	67.2	58.3	56.8 59.8
307	Babcock Poultry Farm, Inc. Ithaca, N.Y. 14850	WL	Z	Babcock B-300	114	32.8	2.5	2.9	7.6	4.8	167	164	242	237	74.3	73.1	64.8	63.5
443	Babcock Poultry Farm, Inc. Ithaca, N.Y. 14850	WI	<u>z</u>	Babcock B-303	om	35.0	2.7	3.1	5.1	3.8	176	172	231	223	68.6	66.7	65.9	60.5
445	Babcock Poultry Farm, Inc. Ithaca, N.Y. 14850	RIRXSYN	NX BX	Babcock B-380	42	32.1	2-2	1.8	1.9	4.7	190	176	233	225	73.6	71.9	59.0	56.9
286	Canada Dept. of Agriculture Ottawa, Ontario, Canada	WL	Syn.	P. D. 58	16	35.0	2.7	3.2	8.2	6.5	17.0	167	233	225	72.2	70.3	64.5	62.2
446	Carey Farms Marion, Ohio 43302	WL	X	Carey Nick 300	40	32.0	2.6	2.3	5.5	7-1	176	172	234	225	72-4	70-1	65.5	63.0
437	Carey Farms Marion, Ohio 43302	WL	Z	Carey Nick 310	10	32.3	2.1	1.7	4-0	2.8	184	181	622	221	73.0	71.2	5.69	67.5
589	Colonial Poultry Farm, Inc. Pleasant Hill, Mo. 64080	WL	Z	True-Line 365 B	42	25.0	2-4	2.9	4.9	3.8	172	169	225	219	68.4	67.0	61.1	59.4
392	Colonial Poultry Farm, Inc. Pleasant Hill, Mo. 64080	WL	Z	True-Line 365 H	o 1	25.0	2.6	2.3	12.5	10.4	173	169	226	217	66.2	63.9	55.8	53.3 58.3
164	Colonial Poultry Farm, Inc. Pleasant Hill, Mo. 64080	WL	Z	True-Line 365 K	13	25.0	2.5	2.1	6.6	7.9	171	167	228	219	67.2	65.1	56.1	53.6 58.6
432	Colonial Poultry Farm, Inc. Pleasant Hill, Mo. 64080	WL	Z	True-Line 365 S	37	25.0	2.6	3.0	4.8	6.9	148	165	230	224	6.69	68.4	56.7	54.8 58.6
439	Colonial Poultry Farm, Inc. Pleasant Hill, Mo. 64080	RIR	S A	Colonial RIR	N H	34.0	2.5	2.3	9.6	7.9	179	175	203	193	6) * *	62.9	# # # H	# # # # # #

"If the confidence limits for two represed means overlap, the two means are not significantly different at the 5% level.

Table 1.--Two-year combined summary: Regressed means and 80% confidence limits for traits by stocks entered (Continued)

			STOCK	C			MORTALITY	ALITY		AGE AT 50%	20%		EGG PI	EGG PRODUCTION	N O	
STOCH CODE	STOCK BREEDER'S NAME AND ADDRESS CODE	BREEDING	STRAIN	PENS	AVG. CHICK PRICE	GROWING (percent)	VING ent)	(percent)	NG 'HE'	PRODUCTI (days)	<u> </u>	HEN HOUSED		(TO END OF TEST)		HEN-DAY (LAST 30-80 DAYS)
			TRADENAME	LOCA. TIONS	(cents)	RE. GRESSED MEAN	SON. CONF.	RE- GRESSED MEAN	80%" CONF.	RE. BI	80%* RE- CONF, GRESSED LIMITS MEAN	SED CONF.	GRES	CONF.	RE- GRESSED MEAN	CONF.
339	Davis, Joe K., Hatchery Earl, N.C. 28038	RIRXBPR BX	Davis Combiner	8 9	33.5	2+9	2.4	6.9	7-2	184 18	180	18¢ 96 203	3 63 6	61.9	53.4	51.4
447	Euribrid, B. V. Boxmeer, Holland	WL SX	Hisex White	4	35.3	2-1	1.7	8.0	6.3	175 179 183	3 242	233	3 75.2	73.2	62.0	59.6
607	Fisher Poultry Farm, Ltd. Ayton, Ontario, Canada	WL SX	Fisher 107	56	32.1	2.4	1.9	10.8	9-1	173 176 179	5 9 218	212 8 224	2 68.1	69.5	57.6	55.8
99	Garber Poultry Br. Farm Modesto, Calif. 95351	WL SX	Garber G200	10	28-4	3.1	3-6	8.1	6.6	171 174 171	7 221	215	5 68.1	66.7 69.5	61.7	60.1
225	Harco Farms South Easton, Mass. 02375	RIRXBPR	Harco Sex Link	22	32.0	2.5	2.1	4.5	3.9	174 178 182	2 225	217	3 68-6	66.5	57.7	55.2
86	Hardy, C. Nelson & Son Essex, Mass. 01929	RIRXBPR BX	Deluxe Sex Link	9 ⊢	30.0	2.0	1.7	5.4	4.0	173 177 181	3 207	197 712 71	7 62.2	60-0	53.7	51.2
378	Hubbard Farms, Inc. Walpole, N.H. 03608	Syn. xN. H.	Golden Comet	32	30.0	2.1	1.7	5.0	8 4.8	168 171 171	8 223	216	6 69.2	67.6	53.8	51-9
356	Ideal Poultry Br. Farms Cameron, Texas 76520	Syn. xWL BX	Ideal 236	71	27.0	3.2	3.7	4.9	9.9	168 171 174	8 230	224 0 236	6 70.6	69.4	63.3	61.9
234	Indiana Farm Bureau Coop. Indianapolis, Ind. 46204	WL SX	Duchess 60	37	32.0	3.5	2.9	12.3	10.4	169 172 175	5 224	218	8 70.7	69.3	60.0	58.3
589	Kath Line of Canada Aldergrove, Br. Col., Can.	WL SX	Kath Line H 63	16	39•0	2.5	2.9	11.9	9.8	169 172 175	5 212	204	6 68.3	66.4 70.2	59.6	57.3 61.º
117	Lawton Farms Foxboro, Mass. 02035	RIRXWPR	Buff Sex Link	9 7	32.0	2.7	3.1	3.7	5.0	173 177 181	213	204	2 64.0	61.7	52.6	50.1 55.1
450	Missouri Valley Hatchery Marshall, Mo. 65340	WL SX	Valley Queen	21	30.0	2.4	2.2	7.9	4.9	177 181 185	5 213	203 3 223	3 69.5	67.0	63.1	60.8 65.4
4:09	N. Cen. Reg. Pity. Br. Lab. Lafayette, Ind. 47907	WL SX	Kentville-Cornell	7	30.0	2.3	2.8	8.8	8.0	171 175-179	9 203	197	9 65.9	64.3	54.6	52.8 56.4

*If the confidence limits for two regressed means overlap, the two means are not significantly different at the 5% level.

Table 1.--Two-year combined summary: Regressed means and 80% confidence limits for traits by stocks entered (Continued)

The state of the s

				STOCK	9			MORTALITY	LITY		AGE AT 50%	50%		EGG P	EGG PRODUCTION	NO	
STOCK	BREEDER'S NAME AND ADDRESS				PENS	AVG. CHICK	GROWING	ي	LAYING		PRODUCTION		HEN HOUSED		HEN-DAY		HEN-DAY
00 00 00 00 00		BREEDING.	Ů	OR	ő	PRICE	(percent)		(percent)	14)	(days)		(number)	<u>.</u>	(percent)		(percent)
				INADENAME	LOCA- TIONS	(cents)	GRESSED C	CONF.	GRESSED MEAN	CONF.	RE- 8 GRESSED CC MEAN LII	SONF. GRE	GRESSED CONF.	GRESSED	SON, CONF.	GRESSED MEAN	80% CONF.
37	N. Cent. Reg. Pity. Br. Lab. Lafayette, Ind. 47907	WL	PS	Rcg. Cornell Contr.	13	0.06	0	2.5	,	10.2	1	175	, ا	;	65.9	i	52.3
352	Parks Poultry Farm Altoona, Pa. 16601	Μ̈́Γ	XX	Keystone B-1	63		, ,		t 6.		174 177		227 227 239	72.0	7.07	50-2	58.6 58.6
382	Parks Poultry Farm Altoona, Pa. 16601	RIRKWPR BX		Sil-Go-Links	10	34-0	2.2	1.8	7.5	9.8	. 0			62.	60.8	, w	50.8
181	Shaver Poultry Br. Farm Galt, Ontario, Canada	ME	XX	Starcross 288	105 18	31.2	2,5	3.0	5.6	4.0 0.00	173 173	170	239	75.2	73.9	64.8	63.4
451	Shaver Poultry Br. Farm Galt, Ontario, Canada	RIR S	XS	Starcross 579	30	35.0	9.1	3.6	8.1 1	6.3	16 173 17	169	203	66.5	64.5	54.0	51.6
566	St. Augustin Coop. Hatchery St. Augustin, Quebec, Can.		XX	Corvette A 1	16	31.0	2.7	3.2	11.3	8 8 8 9	172 176 190	172	208	69.3	67.4	63.7	61.4
401	Tatum Farms Dawsonville, Ga. 30534	W.L.	XS	Tatum T-100	64	30.1	2.2	1.8	9.5	8.1	16	175 2	219 25 231	70.3	69.0	63.6	62.2
. 644	Tatum Farms Dawsonville, Ga. 30534	RIRxSyn. BX		Tatum T-173	25	30.0	0.1	1.3	5.6	7.2	171	168 174 22	218 26 234	0.69	67-3 7-07	54.3	52.1 56.5
407	Thornbers Pity, Br. Dept. Halifax, Yorkshire, Eng.	WL S	×	Thornber 808	54 16	30.0	2.7	3.2	9.3	7.7	71 71	174 183 2:	214	70.3	68.9	62.3	60.7
443	Welp's Poultry Breeding Fm. Bancroft, Iowa 50517	RIR SI	SX 1	Welp Line 650 N	16	30.0	2.2	1.9	4.6	3.3	170 175 180		220 238	7.69	67.5	56.5	54.0
430	Welp's Poultry Breeding Fm. Bancroft, Iowa 50517	WL		Welp Line 971	47	29.0	φ. Θ.	3.4	9.9 1	11.7	168 1	164	208 214 220	66.4	64.9	53.7	52 55.1
448	Welp's Poultry Breeding Fm. Bancroft, Iowa 50517	WL		Welp Line 973	6 25	29.0	2.7	3.2	13.0 1	15.3	173 17	169	182 190 198	60-3	58.6 62.0	50.4	48.4 52.4

*If the confidence limits for two regressed means overlap, the two means are not significantly different at the 5% level.

PROCEDURES USED FOR COMPUTING COMBINED SUMMARY VALUES

Statistical Methods

The two-year combined summary includes performance data on 31 stocks that were entered in both the 1972-73 and 1973-74 tests and on 7 stocks that were entered only in the 1973-74 tests. Birds were tested at 19 locations in 1972-73 and at 21 locations in 1973-74. Table 3 lists the locations. Certain traits were not measured at some of the locations. These are identified with an NR (not reported) in the appropriate columns in table 3.

Replicate data were reported by 18 locations in 1972-73 and by 19 locations in 1973-74. The number of pens and the number of stocks tested at each location for the two years are given in table 3.

The percentage data for both years for the six traits--growing mortality, laying mortality, large blood spots, small blood spots, large meat spots, and small meat spots--were converted to angles with the arcsin trans-formation prior to analysis. However, the test-year adjustment factors shown in table 3 and the regressed means and confidence limits shown for these traits in table 1 are given in percent.

The replicate data were analyzed by least-squares procedures to obtain the test-year adjustment factors shown in table 3 and the repeatability estimates and the correlations among pens within tests shown in table 2. The test-year adjustment factors were then used to adjust the simple stock average for test and year effects. The adjusted stock averages (the least-squares stock means) were then regressed toward the overall mean ()) to account for variations in number of tests entered, number of years entered, and number of replicated per test. The formula used to compute the regressed mean is:

$$\text{Regressed Mean} = \hat{\mu} + \frac{r_{2/C}}{1 + (k_3 - 1)x_1 + (k_1 - k_3)x_2 + (k_2 - k_3)r_1 + [(1/C) - k_1 - k_2 + k_3]r_2} (s)$$

where:

 $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$ = the average of the test and year adjusted stock means.

r, - repeatability within year.

r, = repeatability from year-to-year.

x, = the correlation among replicates within year and test.

 x_2 = the correlation among pens of the same stock from year-to-year for the same test.

k, = an average of the number of pens per test (averaged over years).

 k_2 = an average of the number of pens per year (averaged over tests).

 k_{γ} = an average of the number of replicated per test-year subclass.

C = the diagonal inverse element for that stock. The reciprocal of C, i.e., $\frac{1}{C}$, is equal to nk_3 if the assumption is made that the adjustments for test-year effects are made without error; where n is the number of test-year subclasses in which that stock is entered.

s = the test-year adjusted stock average minus the overall mean , .

The correlations used in computing the regression coefficient were obtained from estimates of the variance components for stocks $(\hat{\sigma}_8^2)$, the stock-X-test interaction $(\hat{\sigma}_{St}^2)$, the stock-X-year interaction $(\hat{\sigma}_{Sy}^2)$, and the random error $(\hat{\sigma}_e^2)$. The variance component estimates were obtained by equating the computed mean squares for these effects to their expectations. The mean squares for stocks was adjusted for the test-year subclass effects and the mean squares for the stock-X-test interaction and the stock-X-year interaction were adjusted by least-squares procedures for the effects of stocks and the test-year subclasses. The three-factor interaction was assumed to be non-existent. Ratios of the variance component estimates that were used to compute the correlations follow:

An approximate standard error (SE) was computed for each regressed mean as follows:

SE = b
$$\sqrt{C(\hat{\sigma}_e^2 + k_1\hat{\sigma}_{st}^2 + k_2\hat{\sigma}_{sy}^2)}$$

where b is the regression coefficient given above in the formula for the regressed mean. Confidence limits were then computed for each regressed mean as follows:

Regressed Mean + 1.3 SE

The constant 1.3 was selected in order that the probability of the confidence limits overlapping by chance alone between any two means would be about 0.03. This makes the test of significance among regressed means almost comparable to using Duncan's range test at the 0.05 level of probability.

Definition of Statistical Terms

The following definitions will help the reader interpret the analytical procedures:

Overall mean The average of the test-year adjusted means for all stocks. This is an estimate of what the overall average would have been had all stocks been entered in all tests in both years.

The range represents the difference between the expected maximum and minimum performance among the 68* stocks, based on the regressed means.

Common stocks Stocks that are being tested at more than one location.

> The amount added to or subtracted from the actual performance of the stocks at a given location in a given year to bring them to the average of all the location-year subclasses that had complete data. These factors were determined on an intrastock basis with a least-squares analysis, and they are given in table 3.

Repeatability An intraclass correlation that measures the tendency for common stocks to rank the same within year from test-to-test within year. Theoretically, it can vary from 0.00 to 1.00.

A correlation which measures the tendency for common stocks to rank the same from test-to-test from one year to another. The difference between the repeatability withbetween years in year and repeatability between years indicates the relative importance of the stockby-year interaction.

> This correlation measures the repeatability among replicates of the same stock in the same test and year. The higher the correlation among replicates the less need there is for replication of stocks within test and year.

A correlation which measures the tendency for common stock to rank the same from yearto-year when tested at the same location. The difference in the repeatability between years and in the correlation from year-to-year within tests indicates the relative importance of the stock-by-test interaction.

The confidence limits for each regressed mean are computed so that the probability is about 0.80 that the "true" stock mean lies within the interval. They are presented in this report, however, for the purpose of providing approximate tests of significance for differences among stocks.

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Correlation from year-to-year

Range

Test-vear

adjustment

factor.

Repeatability

Correlation among replicates

within tests

Confidence limits

^{*}Includes 30 experimental stocks.

TABLE 2. -- Analytical data for the traits measured 1972-73 and 1973-74

				Repea	tability	Correlatio tes	
Traits				1	Year-to-	Among	Year-to-
	Overall means		ed means	year (^r 1)	year (r2)	replicates (×1)	year (^x 2)
		Min.	Max,	\		\ .,	(4)
Growing mortalitypercent-	3,5	1.9	3.9	0.1696	0.0851	0.2276	0.1432
Laying mortalitypercent-	15.3	2.9	13.7	. 2093	. 1761	.2864	, 2532
Age at 50% production days-	12.4	164	191	. 5631	.5032	. 7232	.6632
Hen-housed egg production -number-	226.2	190	253	. 5314	. 4855	.6447	. 5988
Hen-day egg production to end of testpercent-	70.4	60.3	77, 8	, 5478	.5100	.6650	.6271
Hen-day egg production last 30 to 60 dayspercent-	61.0	50,4	70,4	. 3530	.3367	. 4991	. 4828
Feed per pound of eggs pounds-	2.66	2.08	3,31	.6052	.5608	. 7590	. 7146
Egg weight ounces/dozen-	25.3	24.0	27.3	. 7590	.6439	. 8453	. 7301
Large and extra large eggs-percent-	76.5	55.3	91.1	.6913	.5741	.8050	.6878
Albumen quality Haugh units-	79.5	69.3	86.5	. 6257	.6242	.6727	.6712
Large blood spotspercent-	. 8	. 3	1.7	.1271	.1151	. 2385	. 2265
Small blood spotspercent-	1,4	. 7	4.1	. 1246	.1212	. 2527	. 2494
Large meat spotspercent-	, 5	. 1	5.7	. 7144	.6644	.8144	. 7644
Small meat spotspercent-	1.3	.0	27.2	. 8176	.8149	.8635	.8609
Specific gravity score-	4.0	1,87	5, 72	. 6373	.5908	.6783	.6318
Body weight pounds-	4.45	3.46	5,88	.8418	.8008	.9308	. 8898
Income over feed and chick cost dollars-	3.28	1.67	4.96	. 4650	. 4350	.5800	. 5500

NOTE: The values for these factors are based on the 38 commercially available stocks as well as the 30 experimental stocks that were tested. The individual performance data for the experimental entries were analyzed but not published in this report.

TABLE 3. -- Factors used to adjust for test differences

•	Pe	ens	Stocks	tested		Morta (perc	,	
Test		ber)	(num		Growin	z period		period
	1973	1974	1973	1974	1973	1974	1973	1974
Central Canada No. 6 - (2/cage)	48	48	12	12	-3.50	+01.83	+3.71	+2.29
Central Canada No. 7 - (2/cage)	48	48	12	12	+3.95	+ 2.96	-3, 20	-3.01
Florida No 1 - Floor	200 000	24	**	12	~ -	+ 2.69		+1.38
Florida No. 2 = (2/cage)	48	48	12	12	94	+ 1.21	74	+1.89
Florida No. 6 - Floor	M 90	24	₩ ₩	12		+ 3.74		+3.34
Florida No. 5 = (2/cage)	48	48	12	12		+ .50	-1.31	01
Minnesota No. 1 - Floor	14	10	14	10		+ 4.38	87 -3.08	+ . 98
Minnesota No. 4 = (3/cage) Missouri Cage = (8/cage)	39 111	33 28	13 16	11		+ 4.05	+8.22	+1.74
Missouri Floor	88	54	22	27		+ .28	+2,96	-1.75
New Hampshire No. 7 - (3/cage)	-	135	15	17		+ 2,62	w1.06	+ .86
New Hampshire No. 4 - Floor		24	8	8	+3.12	+ .91	43. 00	-1.71
North Carolina No. 3 - Floor	40	20	20	10	+2.68	+ 1.32	+3.70	+5.34
North Carolina No. 4 - (2/cage)	80	40	20	10	+3.78	+ 2.08	- 12	+1,39
North Carolina No. 5 - (7/cage)	40	20	20	10	+3.49	- 1.78	-1.94	+1.68
Pennsylvania No. 1 = Floor	. 48	48	24	24	+ .04	+ 1.78	+3.66	-1.45
Pe n nsylvania No. 2 - (3/cage)	48	48	24	24	-2.07	+ 1.36	-8.41	-7.51
Fennessee No. 5 - (2/cage)	26	28	13	14		- 5.92	₩°,10	+ .22
rennessee No. 6 - (2/cage)	26	28	13	14	38	- 6.40	+4.73	+ .73
Tennessee No. 7 - (2/cage)	26	28	13	14	+ .04	- 5.99	-3.39	97
rennessee No. 8 - (2/cage)	26	28	13	14	+ .04	-17.89	-5,43	-2,78

TABLE 3.--Factors used to adjust for test differences--Continued

	۰ -	e at			He	n-day	Hen	-day
Test	,	uction	Hen-	housed		d of test)		60 days)
		ays)		nber)	· 	rcent)		ent)
	1973	1974	1973	1974	1973	1974	1973	1974
Central Canada No. 6 - (2/cage)	+ 6.19	+ 2.51	-10,23	+ 1.21	-2.16	+ 0.91	- 0.40	- 3.04
Central Canada No. 7 - (2/cage)	+ ,62	+15.05	+ 2.44	+ 2.36	-1.07	+ 1.47	- 2.59	- 4.36
Florida No. 1 - Floor		- 4.97	94 94	- 5.20		- 2.15	H m	+ 4.13
Florida No. 2 - (2/cage)	- 2.99	- 5,20	+ .61	- 6.13	-1.70	- 3.05	- 4,11	+ 1.16
Florida No. 6 - Floor		3.08		- 9.52		+ .09		- 3,34
Florida No. 5 - (2/cage)	+ 4.97	- 6.50	+ 3,24	+11,21	-2.57	+ .34	+ 3.81	+ 3.98
Minnesota No. 1 - Floor	+ 7,20	- 2,74	- 4.70	- 6.79	-1.30	- 2.49	+ 4.16	- 2,36
Minnesota No. 4 - (3/cage)	+ 5.95	- 7.18	+ 4.04	+ 4.84	+ .23	+ .14	+ 5.45	64
Missouri Cage - (8/cage)	- 8,45	+ 6.43	+ 5.74	-10.99	-2.24	- 1.34	- 4.57	NR*
Missouri Floor	-10,75	+ 2,33	+ 6.85	-10.54	+1.43	~ 1.98	- .76	NR*
New Hampshire No. 7 - (3/cage)	+ 8.83	+ 7.84	- 7.58	+20,11	-1.75	+ 7.71	NR*	- 1.68
New Hampshire No. 4 - Floor	- 3,80	+10.05	+ 3,87	- 1.06	-1.81	+ .04	NR*	+ .62
North Carolina No. 3 - Floor	84	-18,38	-18.01	+ .05	-2.10	+ 6.22	- 2.36	- 2.71
North Carolina No. 4 - (2/cage)	+ 3.88	+ .34	-22,52	-24,39	-6.01	- 6.56	- 5.39	- 5.67
North Carolina No. 5 - (7/cage)	+ 9.38	+ .97	4 .82	+ 7.69	+1.02	+ 3.20	- 3,38	- 6.45
Pennsylvania No. 1 - Floor	12	- 4.68	~15,20	- 4.70	-2,78	- 2.19	+ 1.41	- 6.99
Pennsylvania No. 2 - (3/cage)	- 3.68	- 6.57	+17,20	+ 8.79	+1,35	69	+12.39	+10.04
Tennessee No. 5 - (2/cage)	-14.59	-15.71	~ 7.32	+ 9.60	-2.83	+ 2.71	80	- 1.91
Tennessee No. 6 - (2/cage)	- 7.07	- 8.19	- 8.50	+ 4.90	-1.25	+ 1.86	+ 2.97	+ 1.40
Tennessee No. 7 - (2/cage)	+ 4.93	+ 3.81	7. 65	+11.89	-2,13	+ 4.64	- 5.09	- 4.48
Tennessee No. 8 - (2/cage)	+ 4.93	+21.26	+ 7.16	+31,75	+1.60	+15.08	+ 7.36	+ 8.57

^{*} Data for this trait not reported.

TABLE 3. -- Factors used to adjust for test differences -- Continued

Test	of e	er pound ggs nds)	Egg wo		large	nd extra eggs cent)	1	quality units)
Central Canada No. 6 - (2/cage)	+0.32	+0.23	-0.58	-0.62	-06,27	-09.95	+00.61	-3.65
Central Canada No. 7 - (2/cage)	+ .06	+ .24	63	+1,05	69	+28.02	02	+ .93
Florida No. 1 - Floor		+ .22		93		- 8.92	≈ ↔	-2.04
Florida No. 2 - (2/cage)	+ .25	+ ,27	-1.37	-1.24	-15.26	-10.99	+ 7.02	+3,74
Florida No. 6 - Floor	** **	03		04		- 2,23		-2,31
Florida No. 5 - (2/cage)	15	23	+ .11	15	+10.58	+ 4.48	+ 1.61	-2.96
Minnesota No. 1 - Floor	10	+ .28	+1.00	- ,82	+ 4.08	-12.09	+ 2.51	-4.17
Minnesota No. 4 - (3/cage)	21	40	43	82	+ 5.75	+ .55	. 48	-1.77
Missouri Cage - (8/cage)	+ .01	+ .41	67	+ .01	-10,10	- 4.40	-13,32	-8.79
Missouri Floor	06	+ .27	-,21	+ ,31	- 4.03	- 2.58	-10,33	NR*
New Hampshire No. 7 - (3/cage)	+ .08	35	+ .17	+ .78	+14.75	+12.46	+ 3.57	+1.78
New Hampshire No. 4 - Floor	+ .04	+ .23	- , 72	+1.03	- 2,50	+28.47	54	+ .03
North Carolina No. 3 - Floor	03	04	36	55	-15,38	-15.33	- 1.89	-1.76
North Carolina No. 4 - (2/cage)	+ ,31	+ .29	19	54	-10,20	- 6.66	+ 5.45	+2.91
North Carolina No. 5 - (7/cage)	04	29	+ .61	+ .95	+15.48	+10,45	+ 2.92	17
Pennsylvania No. 1 - Floor	06	48	+ ,68	+ .41	- 7.08	- 4.46	- 2,62	+ .12
Pennsylvania No. 2 - (3/cage)	+ .04	+ ,13	97	-1,29	-14.99	-11.24	+ 4,84	+3.40
Tennessee No. 5 - (2/cage)	+ .04	+ .03	31	44	- 9,92	-11.71	- 1.42	-4.82
Tennessee No. 6 - (2/cage)	+ .22	+ .29	67	97	- 9,20	-13.30	- 2.26	-3.95
Tennessee No. 7 - (2/cage)	-,.15	19	+ ,94	+ .79	+11, 15	+ 6.93	+ 3.81	+1.43
Tennessee No. 8 - (2/cage)	27	~ .99	+1.04	+4.65	+10.11	+45.01	+ .68	+7.23

^{*} Data for this trait not reported.

TABLE 3, -- Factors used to adjust for test differences -- Continued

	Blood	spots	Bloo	d spots	Meat	spots	Mea	t spots
Test		or more	f .	n 1/8 inch	1/8 inch	or more	less tha	n 1/8 inch
1031		cent)		cent)	(perc			rcent)
Annual Control of the	1973	1974	1973	1974	1973	1974	1973	1974
Central Canada No. 6 - (2/cage)	+0,08	-01.21	+1.39	+0.74	+1.15	+1.04	+03,17	+03.16
Central Canada No. 7 - (2/cage)	-3.35	- 1.70	-1.82	-2.21	-2.44	-2,45	- 3,51	3, 25
Florida No. 1 - Floor		- 1.87		+2.48		-1.14		- 1.63
Florida No. 2 - (2/cage)	-2.81	- 2.64	-1.81	- ,52	-1,41	-3.52	+ 1.54	14
Florida No. 6 - Floor		46		07		+ .28		+ .25
Florida No. 5 - (2/cage)	+ .28	- 1.80	+1.00	+ .54	+2.71	+2.34	+ 2.04	+ 1.85
Minnesota No. 1 - Floor	+3.26	2.75	+ ,02	+4.02	+2.15	+ .67	+ 5.05	+ 1.32
Minnesota No. 4 - (3/cage)	03	+ .99	+ .05	+1,15	+2.52	+2,54	+ 3.07	+ 1.37
Missouri Cage - (8/cage)	+1.45	NR*	+3,25	NR*	+1,38	NR*	+ 2.99	NR≑
Missouri Floor	+1.52	NR*	+4,05	NR*	+1.50	NR*	+ 3.63	NR*
New Hampshire No. 7 - (3/cage)	+2.39	+ 2.89	+6.93	+5,96	+1.34	-1.02	-11.03	- 7.76
New Hampshire No. 4 - Floor	-3,84	- 2.06	-1.89	-1.35	-2,45	-1.76	- 3,60	- 2,80
North Carolina No. 3 - Floor	-1.79	- 2,33	-3.89	-3,30	69	26	+ .80	+ .82
North Carolina No. 4 - (2/cage)	-2,22	- 1.39	71	+ ,51	-2.00	-3,61	+ .98	+ ,31
North Carolina No. 5 - (7/cage)	+2.31	+ 1.95	+2,52	+7.36	+2.62	55	-11,62	-12,34
Pennsylvania No. 1 - Floor	+ .37	+ .07	-5,84	-2.04	+ .28	+ .30	03	+ 1.26
Pennsylvania No. 2 - (3/cage)	-2,67	- 1,45	61	+ .31	~1,03	-4.19	+ 1.78	+ .06
Tennessee No. 5 - (2/cage)	-1,16	- 1,11	-1.89	07	+1,30	+ .43	+ 3,32	+ 3.06
Tennessee No. 6 - (2/cage)	~ ,13	+ 1,14	+1,88	13	+ .84	+1,24	+ 2.90	+ 3.61
Tennessee No. 7 - (2/cage)	+2.93	+ 2,74	-3.49	+3.27	+ .38	+ ,34	+ .71	+ 1.49
Tennessee No. 8 - (Z/cage)	+2,88	+12.16	+ .70	-6.78	+ .63	+2.57	+ 2.90	+ 9.59

^{*} Data for this trait not reported.

TABLE 3. -- Factors used to adjust for test differences--Continued

Test	-	c gravity		weight	feed chick	e over and cost ars)
	1973	1974	1973	1974	1973	1974
Central Canada No. 6 - (2/cage)	-1.08	~1.85	+0.25	+0.10	+1.56	+0.80
Central Canada No. 7 - (2/cage)	+ .74	+1.02	23	+ .22	+1.57	+ ,68
Florida No. 1 - Floor	**	07		11		NR*
Florida No. 2 - (2/cage)	+1.65	+1.14	25	08	NR*	NR*
Florida No. 6 - Floor	•• =	26	₩	07	H6 H6	NR*
Florida No. 5 - (2/case)	64	-1,65	+ .02	16	NR*	NR*
Minnesota No. 1 - Floor	91	-1.66	+ .02	+ .29	+ ,35	+1.73
Minnesota No. 4 - (3/cage)	84	-1.33	+ .04	24	+ .56	+1.80
Missouri Cage - (8/cage)	~ .86	39	- ,42	13	22	NR*
Missouri Floor	48	NR*	34	18	-1,21	39
New Hampshire No. 7 - (3/cage)	+ .89	+ .58	21	+ .02	-2.14	-1,33
New Hampshire No. 4 - Floor	+ ,85	+1.09	16	+ .28	-2.82	- , 71
North Carolina No. 3 - Floor	+ .21	09	04	10	+ .56	+ .03
North Carolina No. 4 - (2/cage)	+1.20	+1.15	19	+ .04	+1.03	+ ,44
North Carolina No. 5 - (7/cage)	+1.38	+ .81	12	08	+1.68	+ .95
Pennsylvania No. 1 - Floor	+ .23	+ .59	+ .11	+ ,23	-2.08	27
Pennsylvania No. 2 - (3/cage)	+1.35	+1.11	02	+ ,18	-1.93	92
Tennessee No. 5 - (2/cage)	-1.28	-1.41	03	+ .30	+ .87	~ , 90
Tennessee No. 6 - (2/cage)	-1.55	-1.29	+ .26	+ ,34	+ .97	86
Tennessee No. 7 - (2/cage)	+ .28	01	 ,14	+ .22	+ .74	- ,82
Tennessee No. 8 - (2/cage)	+ .09	+ .49	- ,13	+ ,33	+1.02	92

^{*} Data for this trait not reported.

RANGE GROUP RANKING BASED ON 1973-74 TESTS

How Group Rankings Were Determined for Each Trait

The information in this section deals only with the test data obtained during the 1973-74 test year.

The performance of each entry in the 10 Random Sample Egg Production Tests conducted during 1973-74 is reported as the Range Group Rank of the entry for the trait measured. These rankings were determined in the following manner. For each trait the entries in each test were alined in descending order of performance from the most desirable to the least desirable. The "mean" or average performance for the trait was then determined. All entries above the mean are in range group 1 or 2, and those below the mean are in range group 3 or 4. The dividing point for the entries above or below the mean is the midpoint of the range between the mean and the top or bottom entry. An illustration follows.

Stocks entered in the Pennsylvania test had a mean, or average, of 224.40 eggs for the trait "Egg Production per Hen Housed." The highest average number of eggs laid by an entry in this test was 251.20 and the lowest average number laid by an entry was 170.70 eggs. To arrive at the dividing point between the first and second range groups, the mean (224.40) was subtracted from the highest number of eggs (251.20). The result, 26.80 eggs, was divided by two to get the midpoint of the range (13.40 eggs). This was then subtracted from the highest number of eggs (251.20 minus 13.40) to arrive at the dividing point (237.80 eggs) between the first and second range groups. To determine the dividing point between the third and fourth range groups, the same procedure was used, except that the lowest average number of eggs (170.70) was subtracted from the mean (224.40) This difference, or range, (53.70 eggs) was then divided by two, and the result (26.85 eggs) was subtracted from the mean (224.40 minus 26.85) to get the dividing point (197.55 eggs) between the third and fourth range groups. These determinations for ten traits from each test are tabulated in table 4.

The breeders of the stock tested and the Range Group Ranking, by traits, of each entry of the stock are shown in table 5. Each entry is also identified by the abbreviated name of the entrant. If the sample was drawn from a source other than the entrant's hatchery or supply flock, the abbreviated name of the source of the sample is shown in parentheses following the entrant's name.

The listing of the entries in the four range groups, with all entries of each stock in one table, allows the reader to quickly evaluate a stock based on this method of analysis. It should be kept in mind, however, that this method provides just four broad classifications. One-tenth of an egg or one-tenth of a percent difference in mortality could move an entry up or down one Range Group Rank, depending on its place in the range grouping.

Tabular Listing of Stock Entered in Tests

The listing of all stock entered in the 1973-74 Random Sample Egg Production Tests is given in table 6. This listing will permit the reader to see at a glance the abbreviated name of the breeder of the stock, the strain or trade name of the stock, and the total number of entries of each stock which were tested during 1973-74. The tests in which each stock was entered are also given.

Management and Environmental Conditions at Tests

Some of the more important management and environmental conditions found in the individual tests during the 1973-74 testing year are found in table 7. Other conditions at the various testing stations were undoubtedly different. However, the important consideration is that all entries at a given location were treated as nearly alike as possible.

TABLE 4. -- Upper and lower limits for each range group by traits and tests, 1973-74

			Tests	
Traits measured	Central Canada	Florida	Minnesota	Missouri Cage
Income over feed and chick cost;				
Averagedol./hen housed-	2.430		1.731	
Range group 1	3.270 - 2.850		2.370 - 2.050	
Range group 2	2.849 - 2.430	Not Reported	2.049 - 1.731	Not Reported
Range group 3	2.429 - 1.725		1.730 - 1.390	
Range group 4	1,724 - 1,020		1.389 - 1.050	
Egg production;	222 15	220 10	200 00	
Averagenumber/hen housed- Range group 1	223, 17	228.18	239.02	222.96
Range group 2	233, 57 - 223, 17	248.60 - 238.39	264.20 - 251.61	247.00 - 234.98
Range group 3		238, 38 - 228, 18 228, 17 - 206, 34	251.60 - 239.02	234.97 - 222.96
Range group 4		206.33 - 184.50	239.01 - 229.01 229.00 - 219.00	222.95 - 208.08
Age at 50 percent production;	211,07 - 177,00	200,33 - 104,30	227.00 - 219.00	208, 07 - 193, 20
Averagedays-	159.6	177.3	168,2	191,6
Range group 1	156.0 - 157.8	172.0 - 174.7	162.0 - 165.1	183.0 - 187.3
Range group 2	157.9 - 159.6	174.8 - 177.3	165.2 - 168.2	187.4 - 191.6
Range group 3	159.7 - 161.8	177.4 - 179.7	168.3 - 175.1	191.7 - 196.8
Range group 4	161,9 - 164,0	179.8 - 182.0	175.2 - 182.0	196.9 - 202.0
Growing mortality;				- / - / - monto
Averagepercent-	3,22	3.06	2.29	2.12
Range group 1	1.40 - 2.31	1.70 - 2.38	1.00 - 1.65	0 1.06
Range group 2	2,32 - 3,22	2.39 - 3.06	1.66 - 2.29	1.07 - 2.12
Range group 3	3,23 - 5,11	3.07 - 4.73	2.30 - 3.15	2, 13 - 3, 31
Range group 4	5.12 - 7.00	4.74 - 6.40	3.16 - 4.00	3, 32 - 4, 50
Laying mortality;	100			
Averagepercent-	11.71	7.33	4. 92	5.71
Range group 1	6.10 - 8.90	3,30 - 5,32	1,40 - 3,16	1.30 - 3.51
Range group 2	8.91 - 11.71	5, 33 - 7, 33	3.17 - 4.92	3,52 - 5,71
Range group 3	11.72 - 15.40	7.34 - 11.47	4,93 - 8,51	5.72 - 11.01
Range group 4 Egg weight;	15.41 - 19.10	11,48 - 15.60	8, 52 - 12, 10	11.02 - 16.30
Averageounces/dozen-	24,18	25,66	25 22	25 /4
Range group 1	26, 20 - 25, 19	26,40 - 26,03	25, 32 26, 30 - 25, 81	25,64
Range group 2	25.18 - 24.18	26,02 - 25,66	25, 80 - 25, 32	27, 30 - 26, 47 26, 46 - 25, 64
Range group 3	24.17 - 23.69	25,65 - 25,13	25, 31 - 24, 76	25, 63 - 24, 97
Range group 4	23,68 - 23,20	25, 12 - 24, 60	24, 75 - 24, 20	24, 96 - 24, 30
Large and extra large eggs;	00,00 00,00	#5, 18 - B1, 60	471 10 - 631 60	24,70 - 24,30
Averagepercent-	47.27	86.15	81,65	89.95
Range group 1	72.10 - 59.68	91.30 - 88.73	86, 30 - 83, 98	97.40 - 93.68
Range group 2	59.67 - 47.27	88.72 - 86.15	83, 97 - 81, 65	93.67 - 89.95
Range group 3	47,26 - 40,13	86,14 - 82,28	81.64 - 76.63	89, 94 - 82, 38
Range group 4	40.12 - 33.00	82,27 - 78,40	76,62 - 71,60	82.37 - 74,80
Feed per pound of eggs;				
Averagepounds-	2.483	2,483	2.262	2.722
Range group 1	2.320 - 2.402	2,330 - 2,406	2.080 - 2.171	2.500 - 2.611
Range group 2	2,403 - 2,483	2,407 - 2,483	2,172 - 2,262	2,612 - 2,722
Range group 3	2.484 - 2.677	2.484 - 2.596	2,263 - 2,341	2.723 - 2.981
Range group 4	2,678 - 2,870	2,597 - 2,710	2,342 - 2,420	2,982 - 3,240
Albumen quality;	20 EF	25 = 1		
AverageHaugh units-	77, 75	82,76	87, 54	
Range group 1	81,80 - 79,78	84, 70 - 83, 73	90,50 - 89,02	M & D
Range group 2	79.77 - 77.75	83, 72 - 82, 76	89.01 - 87.54	Not Reported
Range group 3	77,74 - 76,23	82.75 - 81.43	87,53 - 86,17	
Blood spots, all sizes;	76,22 - 74,70	81.42 - 80.10	86, 16 - 84, 80	
Averagepercent-	4,31	2.88	1.69	
Range group 1	1,60 - 2,95	1.30 - 2.09		
Range group 2	2.96 - 4.31	2.10 - 2.88	0 - 0.85 .86 - 1.69	Not Paparta
Range group 3	4.32 - 8.20	2.89 - 4.24	1.70 - 3.25	Not Reported
Range group 4	8.21 - 12.10	4,25 - 5,60	3.26 - 4.80	
	0,01 - 10,10	3122 - 3100	J. 20 - T. OU	

TABLE 4. -- Upper and lower limits for each range group by traits and tests, 1973-74-- (Continued)

		Tests	
The standard was	Missouri	New Hampshire	New Hampshire
Traits measured	Floor	Cage	Floor
ncome over feed and chick cost;			2 50/
Averagedol./hen housed-	3.501	4.713	3,596
Range group 1	5.580 - 4.541	5.730 - 5.221	5.390 - 4.493
Range group 2	4.540 - 3.501	5.220 - 4.713	4,492 - 3,596
Range group 3	3.500 - 2.406	4.712 - 4.071	3,595 - 2,838
Range group 4	2,405 - 1,310	4.070 - 3.430	2,837 - 2,080
Range group 4			
Egg production;	224,37	222.48	199.33
Averagenumber/hen housed-	270, 10 - 247, 24	246.80 - 234.64	236, 10 - 217, 7
Range group 1	247.23 - 224.37	234.63 - 222.48	217.70 - 199.33
Range group 2	224. 36 - 206. 69	222.47 - 209.54	199.32 - 186.1
Range group 3	206.68 - 189.00	209.53 - 196.60	186.10 - 172.90
Range group 4	208. 68 = 107. 60	70,70	
age at 50 percent production;	170 7	173.9	171.0
Averagedays-	178.7	157.0 - 165.4	152.0 - 161.5
Panga group l	169.0 - 173.9	165.5 - 173.9	161,6 - 171,0
Pange group Z	174.0 - 178.7	174.0 - 185.4	171,1 - 175,5
Range group 3	178.8 - 183.4	185.5 - 197.0	175.6 - 180.0
Range group 4	183.5 - 188.0	185.5 - 191.0	113,0 - 100,0
Growing mortality:		2 52	1.75
Averagepercent-	1.66	3.52	
Range group lassacessasses	. 30 - 0. 98	0 - 1.76	0 - 0.88
Panga group 2	.99 - 1.66	1,77 - 3,52	.89 - 1.75
Range group 3	1,67 - 2.68	3.53 - 8.91	1.76 - 3.88
Range group 4	2.69 - 3.70	8, 92 - 14, 30	3,89 - 6,00
Laying mortality; Averagepercent-	11,35	6.12	5,68
Range group 1	2.50 - 6.92	1.60 - 3.86	2.20 - 3.94
Range group 2	6, 93 - 11, 35	3.87 - 6.12	3,95 - 5,68
Range group 3	11.36 - 17.57	6.13 - 9.31	5,69 - 10,04
Range group 3	17.58 - 23.80	9.32 - 12.50	10.05 - 14.40
Range group 4			
Egg weight; Averageounces/dozen-	25, 04	24.93	25.68
Average	27.40 - 26.22	26.50 - 25.71	26.50 - 26.09
Range group 1	26.21 - 25.04	25.70 - 24.93	26,08 - 25,68
Range group 2	25.03 - 24.17	24.92 - 24.46	25,67 - 25,29
Range group 3	24, 16 - 23, 30	24.45 - 24.00	25.28 - 24.90
Range group 4	01,10		
Large and extra large eggs;	82,07	69.61	75.61
Averagepercent-	94.40 - 88.24	87.70 - 78.66	83, 40 - 79, 51
Range group 1	88.23 - 82.07	78.65 - 69.61	79.50 - 75.61
Range group 2		69.60 - 62.21	75,60 - 69,16
Range group 3	82.06 - 72.99	62,20 - 54,80	69.15 - 62.70
Range group 4	72, 98 - 63, 90	02, 20 - 5-1,00	
Feed per pound of eggs;		2 020	3.335
Averagepounds-	3, 249	3.028	2.680 - 3.008
Range group 1	2.810 - 3.029	2,660 - 2,843	3.009 - 3.335
Range group 2	3,030 - 3,249	2.844 - 3.028	
Range group 3	3,250 - 3,659	3, 029 - 3, 149	3,336 - 3,596
Range group 4	3,660 - 4,070	3.150 - 3.270	3,599 - 3,86
Albumen quality;			=0.00
Average Haugh units-		79.74	78.29
Range group 1		84.60 - 82.17	82,70 - 80,4
Range group 2	Not Reported	82,16 - 79.74	80.48 - 78.2
Range group 3	-	79.73 - 78.07	78.28 - 76.6
Range group 4	•	78.06 - 76.40	76,63 - 75,0
Blood spots, all sizes; Averagepercent-		0.99	2,36
Average		0 - 0.49	0 - 1.18
D 1			
Range group 1	Not Reported		
Range group 1 Range group 2	Not Reported	.5099 1.00 - 2.59	1, 19 - 2, 36 2, 37 - 5, 38

TABLE 4. -- Upper and lower limits for each range group by traits and tests, 1973-74--(Continued)

		Tests	
Traits measured	North		
	Carolina	Pennsylvania	Tennessee
Income over feed and chick cost;	2 710	2 200	
Average dol. /hen housed-	2.710 3.520 - 3.115	3,908	4.069
Range group 2		5.550 - 4.729 4.728 - 3.908	4,790 - 4,430
Range group 3	3,114 - 2,710	- •	4.429 - 4.069
	2,709 - 2,205	3.907 - 2.774	4.068 - 3.420
Range group 4	2,204 - 1,700	2,773 - 1,640	3,419 - 2,770
Egg production; Average number/hen housed-	229, 18	224,40	208.77
Range group 1	258.50 - 243.84	251, 20 - 237, 80	228.00 - 218.39
Range group 2	243.83 - 229.18	237.79 - 224.40	218, 38 - 208, 77
Range group 3	229.17 - 214.99	224, 39 - 197, 55	208, 76 - 188, 99
Range group 4	214.98 - 200.80	197, 54 - 170, 70	188. 98 - 169. 20
Age at 50 percent production;		2,1,01	200,70 207,10
Averagedays-	177, 1	181.0	168.2
Range group 1	166.0 - 171.6	173.0 - 177.0	165.0 - 166.6
Range group 2	171.7 - 177.1	177.1 - 181.0	166.7 - 168.2
Range group 3	177.2 - 187.1	181.1 - 187.5	168.3 - 172.6
Range group 4	187.2 - 197.0	187.6 - 194.0	172.7 - 177.0
Growing mortality;			
Average percent-	2,28	0.93	7.75
Range group 1	1.10 - 1.69	0 + 0.47	0 - 3.88
Range group 2	1.70 - 2.28	.4893	3.89 - 7.75
Range group 3	2,29 - 3,39	.94 - 1.67	7, 76 - 11, 38
Range group 4	3,40 - 4,50	1.68 - 2,40	11.39 - 15.00
Laying mortality;			
Average percent-	10,55	6.57	11.30
Range group 1	5,20 - 7,88	1.50 - 4.03	5.00 - 8.15
Range group 2	7.89 - 10.55	4.04 - 6.57	8, 16 - 11, 30
Range group 3	10.56 - 14.68	6.58 - 10.68	11.31 - 14.00
Range group 4	14.69 - 18.80	10.69 - 14.80	14.01 - 16.70
Egg weight:	3/ 40	2/ 10	24,51
Averageounces/dozen-	26.49	26, 18	26,00 - 25,25
Range group 1	27.80 - 27.15 27.14 - 26.49	28.80 - 27.49 27.48 - 26.18	25, 24 - 24, 51
Range group 2	26,48 - 25,50	26, 17 - 25, 24	24, 50 - 23, 75
Range group 3	25, 49 - 24, 50	25, 23 - 24, 30	23,74 - 23.00
Range group 4	25, 47 - 24, 50	23,23 - 24,30	83174 - 23100
Large and extra large eggs; Average percent-	88.27	77.12	69.71
Range group 1	95, 80 - 92, 04	90,00 - 83,56	82, 10 - 75, 91
Range group 2	92.03 - 88.27	83, 55 - 77, 12	75, 90 - 69, 71
Range group 3	88.26 - 83.19	77, 11 - 65, 81	69.70 - 60.16
Range group 4	83.18 - 78.10	65,80 - 54,50	60.15 - 50.60
Feed per pound of eggs;			
Averagepounds-	2,573	3.015	2.914
Range group 1	2,320 - 2,447	2.560 - 2.788	2.730 - 2.822
Range group 2	2.448 - 2.573	2.789 - 3.015	2.823 - 2.914
Range group 3	2,574 - 2,832	3,016 - 3,223	2.915 - 3.127
Range group 4	2,833 - 3,090	3,224 - 3,430	3, 128 - 3, 340
Albumen quality;			
Average Haugh units-	76.13	82.43	78.58
Range group 1	79.10 - 77.62	86.40 - 84.41	85.00 - 81.79
Range group 2	77.61 - 76.13	84,40 - 82,43	81.78 - 78.58
Range group 3	76.12 - 74.72	82.42 - 80.01	78.57 - 76.59
Range group 4	74.71 - 73.30	80.00 - 77.60	76.58 - 74.60
Blood spots, all sizes;			4 (4
Average percent-	3.36	3. 19	4,64
Range group 1	1.50 - 2.43	1.40 - 2.29	1,30 - 2,97
Range group 2	2.44 - 3.36	2,30 - 3,19	2.98 - 4.64
Range group 3	3.37 - 4.33	3, 20 - 4, 89	4,65 - 9,82 9,83 - 15,00
Range group 4	4, 34 - 5, 30	4,90 - 6,60	7.00 - 10,00

TABLE 5. --Range group ranking for stock entered in 1973-74 random sample egg production tests

TABLE 5.--Range group ranking for stock entered in 1973-74 random sample egg production tests--Continued

ENTRY IDENTIFICATION	1537	e e a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	BREEDING	STRAIN OR TRADENAME	COST MAD CHICK OVER FEED INCOME	S EGG PRO-	G AGE AT ROLE BUCKTION	VTIJATROM S	YTIJATROM B	F WEIGHT	ECCS TYPE	у есоз У есоз	E QUALITY	S spors
Carey Farms, 3252 Mt. Olive, Agosta Road, Marion, Ohio, 43302.	þ	F	2	O 10 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	r	,		c					'	
Carey, Ohio	да. Ра.	W.F	i z	Carey Nick 310	7 ~2	7 –1	m 4	Λ —I	7 ~	3 6		7 7	ıκı	
Colonial Poultry Farm, Inc., Pleasant Hill, Missouri 64080.														
Colonial, Mo	Fla.	WL	Z	True-Line 365 B-	ı	٣	1	Ä	-				8	2
Colonial, Mo. (Ossenbrink, Mo.)	MoC.	WE	Z	True-Line 365 B-	1	7	ı	m						
Colonial, Mo. (Research Farm, Mo.)	MoF	MI	Ä	rue-Line 365	۲۷	41	4	4	m T	4 3		-		
Colonial, Mo.	г г	WL	Z	True-Line 365 B-	٦	П	_	۳						8
Colonial Foulity Farm, Inc., Fleasant fill, Missouri 64080.														
Colonial, Mo	MoC.	WL	Z	True-Line 365 H-	ı	n	2	m	2	w w			1	,
Colonial Poultry Farm, Inc., Pleasant Hill, Missouri 64080.														
Colonial, Mo.	MoC.	WL	Z	True-Line 365 K-	ı	m	~	2						
Colonial, Mo. (Ossenbrink, Mo.)	MoF.	WL	Z	True-Line 365 K-	7	~	2	4	3	m				ı
Colonial Poultry Farm, Inc., Pleasant Hill,														
Colonial Mo	0	WI	Z	Twite_Line 365 C.	^	~		_						,
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Colonial, Mo	_	WL	Z	-Line 365	~	· 60	M	4					m	~
Colonial Poultry Farm, Inc., Pleasant Hill, Missouri 64080.														
Colonial, Mo	MoF.	RIR	5 S	Colonial RIR	4	⊀મ	m	m	4.	en	4		·	ı
Davis M. C.	76	с. С.			,	,	,							
Davis, N. C.	္မပုံ၊	RIRXBPR RIRXBPR		Davis Combiner -	4 41	4.41	ก ค า	ካተ፡	- 10 -	- 73				. d
Davis, N.C	Z Z Z	KIKXBPR RIRXBPR	R R BX	Davis Combiner - Davis Combiner -	41 41	4, 4,	w 4∙	w 4			ধ ধ	4 10		M3

TABLE 5. --Range group ranking for stock entered in 1973-74 random sample egg production tests--Continued

ENTRY IDENTIFICATION	TEST		BREEDING	STRAIN OR TRADENAME	COST OVER FEED INCOME	EGG PRO. (lien housed)	AGE AT	GROWING TILATROM	LAYING YTIJATROM	, KEIGHT	EGGS PAGE	EGGE LEED BEH	VE JA VTIJAUQ	BLOOD STORE
Euribrid B. V. Boxmeer, Holland Euribrid, Holland (Euribrid, Belgium)	MoC.	I M.	×S	Hicov White			,	8 ,	3	a!	8 .	(163)	H.U.)	<u> </u>
	N.HC		SX	Hisex White	۱ ر	4 ^	ባሮ	۷ -	4	v 7	2 1	2 (. ,	1 (
Euribrid, Holland (Euribrid, Belgium)			SX.	White	1 ⊢	1 –	n —		- 2	# ‹ሶን	ተ ማ	7 7	w 4	m N
Canada.														ı
T. Obt	(****	į											
Fisher Ont.	; ; ; ;	3 ₹	Š		~	2		7	m		2	٣	4,	7
Ont. (Bieman. (Mo.	1 ⊨	G Þ	Fisher 10 (m	M ·	4	M ·	2		2	m	4	4
Ont.	No.	1 2	4 2		1 6	4 1	m (2	2		2	۳	,	,
Fisher, Ont.	N.H.		XX		n 4	v √	N	n n	m r	N r	N 6	۷,		
Fisher, Ont.	Tenn.	WL	SX	107	ا د	! ሌ	# N	۸ د	ji er		7 (46	~) ×	 - ∩
Garber Poultry Breeding Farm, 4255 Hammett Road, Modesto, California, 95351						ı	į	1	1		1	ı	ť	J
Garber, Calif.	Fla.	WL	X	Garber G 200		"	₹	~	·					
Garber, Calif	Minn.	WL	SX	G 200	ן ניי	1 4	H 10	ዞለ	1 "	# *	# <	4 4	٠,	7 .
Garber, Calif,	MoC.	WL	SX	Ü		· (r	· (*	! 67	, ,	۴ ۴	۰ ۴	# ^	4	-
Garber, Calif	MoF.	WL	SX	G 200	. ~	1 4	n er	n r	1 ~	ባጜ	ሳና	n c	,	ı
Garber, Calif	Pa.	WL	SX	Ü	2	i ni	۱ ۸	1 4	n ⊀	† ₹	# =	o c	ור	۱ -
Harco Farms, Bay Road, South Easton,					ı	1	1	H	ř	t	1 1	J	7	-
Massachusetts 02375.														
Harco, Mass	N. HC.	C.REXBPR	R BX	Harco Sex Link	ю	₩.	8	۳	~	-	_	4	_	_
Harco, Mass.	N. HF.	RIKXBPR	R BX	Harco Sex Link	7	2	m	_	-			. 2		·
Massachusetts 01929.														
Hardy, Mass.	N.HF.	-F.RIR*BPR	R BX	Deluxe Sex Link	3	m	יטי	-4	7	2	_	m	9	m
Hubbard Farms, Inc., Walpole, New Hampshire 03608.														
Hubbard, N.H.	N. HC.	SYNXN.	H. BX	Golden Comet	m	m	_	4	-		"	4	٨	"
Hubbard, N.H.	Z.	SYNXN. H.	H. BX		2	2	2	٠.				۰ ۷	H 60	۸ ۱
Ideal Poultry Breeding Farms, P.O. Box 591,	д.	SYNXN	.H.BX	Golden Comet	m	m	2	-	m		- m	4	· M	2 2
	į.	C VP MIL. THE		è			1							
Texas	r la. Minn.	SYNXWL	X X B B C	Ideal 236	Ιm	m m	7 ~	m ~	~ ~	- ~	2 -	~ 5	44 4	m -
Texas	MoF.	SYNXWL		236	. ~2	, ~	+ N	1				· -	t .	۰, ۱
Texas	Pa.	SYNXWL				≀ 2	1 70	٠ ٨					4	٠
ideal, lexas	Tenn.	SYNXWL	X XX	Ideal 236	-	-	7	2					4	æ

TABLE 5. --Range group ranking for stock entered in 1973-74 random sample egg production tests--Continued

ENTRY IDENTIFICATION		9 8 9	BREEDING	STRAIN OR TRADENAME	COST OVER FEED INCOME	S EGG PRO- S OUCTION (Ilem housed)	TA BOA GO AND	ринояр <u>г</u> утілатяом <u>г</u>	YTIJATROM B	F WEIGHT	EGGS LARGE AND EGGS EGGS	C PLBUMEN C PEGGS C PEGGS C PEGGS	S QUALITY	BLOOD STORS
Indiana Farm Bureau Coop., 2435 Kentucky Avenue, Indianapolis, Indiana 46204. Indiana Farm Bureau, Ind	MoC.	WL	XX	Duchess 60	ı	4	2	4						
Indiana Farm Bureau, Ind	Mo.	WL	SX		7	2	1 72	· 145	. 7		, m			
Indiana Farm Bureau, Ind		WL	SX	Duchess 60		p==4	7	_					_	_
Indiana Farm Bureau, Ind	Tenn.	M T M	SX	Duchess 60	2	7	-	2					_	-
Kreigers, B. C	ů Ü	WL	SX	Kath Line H 63	m	4	٣	-	4	7	7	m	m	2
Lawton, Mass	N. HF. RIRxWPR	RIRxWP	A BX	Buff Sex Link	4	4,	4	4	→	~ !	r-1	4,	2	2
Missouri Valley, Mo	MoF.	WL	SX	Valley Queen	٣	m	41	2	رب درب	m	m	. 2	,	
Purdue University, Lafayette, Indiana 47907.		WL	SX	Kentville-Cornell	4	4,	m	4	w	44	4,	4	4	4
N.C. Reg. Plty., Ind	Tenn.	WL	SX	Kentville-Cornell	4	m	4	71		4	4	4	m	ന
N.C. Reg. Plty., Ind	MoC. MoF.	WL	रू इ	Reg. Cornell Contr. Reg. Cornell Contr.	l m	41 W	44	നെ	€ 51 44 44		ਚ ਚ	41 W		1 1
Parks, Pa	Fla.	WL	SX	Keystone B-1	ı	2	٣	4	3	,				m
Parks, Pa	Mina. N. HC.	WL	XX XX	Keystone B-1 Keystone B-1	ርሱ ርሳ	71 m	es es	4 ~	21 K		4.4	3 1		~ -
Parks, Pa	Tenn.	WL	SX	Keystone B-1	m	m	П	4,	2 4					· Ms
Parks, Pa.	MoF.R. Pa. R.	RIR×WPR RIR×WPR	BX BX	Sil-Go-Links Sil-Go-Links	4, 4,	4 4	4 4		3 3		4 4	1 72		l M

TABLE 5. --Range group ranking for stock entered in 1973-74 random sample egg production tests--Continued

20018 21092	(<u>k</u>			2	ı	1	٦,	7 -	7		4 1	7		4	4	۱,	ሳጣ			۰-	٦,	√ 1 (N 41		-	۱ ۱	
ALBUMEN YTIJAUQ	(H.U.)		7	-	1	1 (יי הי	vη	2		، 2			1		l e	n 2			1 4	, ,	1 1	ກຕ		4	4 1	ı
FEED PER FOUND OF EGGS	(192)		-	-4	_	٦ ,	~ ~		1		4 7	2		ĸ	Μ.	٦ ؍	1 2		^	ıπ	-	٠ ,	t w		2	7	7
LARGE AND EGGS EGGS	(k		2	~ .	٦.	- ر	u ~	m .	2		- -	4		2	~-1 ·c	1 N	1 7		-	m	~	- ۱			44	w ·	ν,
EGG KEIGHT	1	,	ν,	٠,	C	7 ^	ı ∨	ı m	2	-		41		m	m m	ሳጥ	2		_	7	2	۸ (1 -		~	~	~
LAYING YTIJATROM Å	8		r	۷,	-d -	⊶ (r	٦ -	2		r	٦	4,		4 (N 6	1 72	m			m	7	۰, ۰	· ~		~1	~+ (ኅ
аиімояа <u>ў</u> Үтілатяом ў		-	-, ~	r	1 r	, –	٠.	m	Υ)	~	7 7	۳		7	ሳ ‹‹) 4	7		~-1	_	_	7	-		7	2 *	j +
AGE AT SON PRO-		'n	۰ ۱	J V	1 ~	1 V	2	mr	4	4	5	m		e -	7 2	1 2	7		2	1	_	2	-1		7	mκ	r
EGG PRO- OUCTION (Ilen boused)		-	٠.		-	7 7	-		-	4	2	4		e c	1 1	-	П		7	m	~	m	2		_	رم ر	1
COZI VND CHICK O ONEB LEED INCOME		1	, ,	,	-	۰ 7	-		-	4	7	m		I (r	2 74	2	~1		7	m -	_	∢,	m		7	1 ^	1
STRAIN OR TRADENAME		Starcross 288			OSS	cross		Starcross 288		Starcross 579	Starcross 579	Corvette A 1		Tatum T-100 Tatum T-100	atum T-100	atum T-	Tatum T-100		atum T-1		atum I-1	atum T-	Tatum T-173			inornber 808 Thornber 808	
BREEDING		SX	SX	SX	SX	SX	X &	S X		SX	SX	SX	į	SX.	SX	X X	X o	;	κ » α α	ያ ያ ያ	4 1	K R	X P		X X	SX	
		WL	WL	WL	WI	W.	a w L	¥ £		RIR	RIR	WL	117.1	WL	WL	M K	-l }	TO TO OT O	RIBECON	RIRASYN	11.00	RIKKSYN	CIKKSYN	,		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
				MoC.	Mo.	U- Z	ָ בּ בּ	Tenn.		ر ن ن	MO4.	ς. Ω.	<u>د</u> آط		MoF.	ጉ ም. ተልተ			٠ ر	F	i	. i	enu.	(۲. ر. ۳۰ ۲.	MoF.	
Shaver Poultry Breeding Farm Res. 100	Galt-Cambridge, Ontario, Canada.	Shaver, Ont.	Ont	Out.	Ont:		Shaver, Ont.	Shaver Poultry Breeding Framers	Galt-Cambridge, Ontario, Canada.		St. Augustin Coop. Hatchery, St. Augustin, Quebec. Canada	Couvoir Coop., Quebec	Tatum, Ga.	Tatum, Ga	Ga	Tatum, Ga		Ga	Ga	Ga	1					Ţ	

TABLE 5.--Range group ranking for stock entered in 1973-74 random sample egg production tests--Continued

ENTRY IDENTIFICATION	7 EST	8 23	Breeding	STRAÎN OR Tradename	COST PAD CHICK OVER PEED INCOME	EGG PRO-	S AGE AT BOX PRO-	YTIJATROM E	YTIJATROM É	LARGE AND	LEED PER		GOOJE \$TO48
	MoF.	RIR	SX SX	Welp Line 650 N-	m	2	1	<u> </u>	1	2 2	3	(#.0.)	8
Welp, Iowa N.: Welp's Poultry Breeding Farm, Box 366, Bancroft, Iowa 50517.	HC.	RIR	SX	Welp Line 650 N-	m	2	2	-		1 72	4	ım	٠ -
	MoF. Tenn.	WL	召召	Welp Line 971 Welp Line 971	67 KT	mκ	- A	W, w	4, 4	m m	3 3	0 1	۱ ۱
Welp's Poultry Breeding Farm, Box 366, Bancroft, Iowa 50517.					,	1)	1	, 1	2	21	n	J
1	Fla.	WL	Z	elp Line	1 6	41 .	m e	41	41	3	41	4	4
	F .	W L	音音	Welp Line 973	w 44	41 411	7	4 V	41 41 W W	m m	w 4	1 44	٦ ٦

RANDOM SAMPLE EGG PRODUCTION TEST ENTRIES AND CONDITIONS, 1973-74

TABLE 6. -- Stock entered in 1973-74 tests

		Stock	N.					Tests entered	ntered				
		Strain or	Number									-	177
Breeder	Code	trade name	entries	ပ ပ	Fla.	Minn. 3	MoC.	MoF.	N. HC.	N. HF.	υ Ž	Pa. Tenn.	ů
Animal Res. Inst	570	Kentville, R. B. C	~	×									
Anthony	10	Anthony Leghorn	4				×	×				×	
Babcock	307	Babcock B-300	10	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	
Babcock	443	Babcock B-303	1				×						
Babcock	442	Babcock B-380	4					×	×		×	×	
Canada Dept. of Agri	885	P. D. 58	1	×									
Carey	446	Carey Nick 300				×							
Carey	437	Carey Nick 310	2					×				×	
Colonial	589	True-Line 365 B	4		×		×	×				×	
Colonial	392	True-Line 365 H	-				×					•	
Colonial	431	True-Line 365 K	7				×	×					
Colonial	432	True-Line 365 S	ហ	×		×		×	×			×	
Colonial	439	True-Line RIR	1					×					
Davis	309	Davis Combiner	4					×	×	×	×		
Euribrid	447	Hisex White	м				×		×			×	
Fisher	209	Fisher 107	9	×		×	×	×	×			×	
Garber	99	Garber G 200	ហ		×	×	×	×				×	
Harco	225	Harco Sex Link	2						×	×			
Hardy	98	Deluxe Sex Link	red							×			

TABLE 6. -- Stock entered in 1973-74 tests--Continued

		Stock	Number					Test	Tests entered				
Breeder	Code	Strain or trade name	of entries	C, C.	Fla.	Minn.	MoC.	Mo F	N. HC.	N. HF.	Z. C.	Pa.	Tenn.
Hubbard	378	Golden Comet	ю						×		×	×	
Ideal	356	Ideal 236	ĸ		×	×		×				×	×
Ind. Farm Bureau	234	Duchess 60	4				×	×				×	×
Kath	589	Kath-Line H-63	1	×									
Lawton	117	Buff Sex Link	1							×			
Missouri Valley	450	Valley Queen	ы					×					
N. Cent. Reg. Lab	409	Kentville-Cornell	7								×		×
N. Cent. Reg. Lab	37	Reg. Cornell Control	7				×	×					
Parks	352	Parks Keystone B-1	4		×	×			×				×
Parks	382	Parks Sil-Go-Link	2					×				×	
Shaver	181	Shaver Starcross 288	∞	×	×		×	×	×		×	×	×
Shaver	451	Shaver Starcross 579	2	×				×					
St, Augustin	566	Corvette A-1	H	×									
Tatum	401	Tatum T-100	чn		×	×		×				×	×
Tatum	449	Tatum T-173	vn					×	×	×		×	×
Thornber	407	Thornber 808	m	×		i	×	×					
Welp	440	Welp Line 650N	2					×	×				
Welp	430	Welp Line 971	2					×					×
Welp	448	Welp Line 973	e		×			×					×

TABLE 7. -- Management, rations, laying house environment, and vaccination provided by tests, 1973-74

1										I n.
		Age at	Length of	Ent- ries	1200	Cations Birds	Ho	Sq. feet		
Test	Hatched	housing	test	(num-	Num-	4		using manager		
		(days)	(days)	ber)	ber	rep.	Brooding	Rearing	Laying 1/	bird
Cent. Canada	3/27/73	147	497	12	4	65	Litter	Litter	Cage-2	0.45
			- , .		4	65	Litter	Litter	Cage-2	.45
					•	0.5	Ditto	Tittel	Cage-a	.45
Florida	6/ 3/73	150	486	12	4	24	Litter	Litter	Cage-2	4
					8	75	Litter	Litter	Littor	.4
					J	13	Ditter	Titter	Littor	1.92
Minnesota	3/27/73	150	500	11	3	99	Litter	Litter	Cage-3	4.0
				10	ì	100	Litter	Litter	Litter	. 33
					•	100	Ditter	Ditter	Litter	1.5
Missouri Cage	9/ 9/72	151	500	14	2	40	Litter	Litter	Cage-2	62
					4	40	Litter	Litter	Cage-2	.67 .58
		÷.						2370001	Cago-o	. 50
Missouri Floor	3/ 3/73	151	500	27	4	60	Litter	Litter	Litter	1.6
	,								1310001	1.0
New Hampshire										
Cage	5/ 1/73	150	502	17	8	24	Litter	Litter	Cage-3	. 5
								Cage		••
New Hampshire										
	5/ 1/73	150	502		_					
	3/ 1//3	150	502	8	3	30	Litter	Litter	Litter	3,2
North Carolina	3/23/73	150	500	10	2	* * *				•
	5,45,15	150	500	10	2 2	50	Litter	Litter	Litter-slat	1.7
					4	50	Golony	Colony	Colony	. 5
					4	26	Cage	cage	cage-7	
					-7	40	Colony	Colony	Cago-2	. 6
	2						cage	cage		
Pennsylvania 4	1/23/73	150	500	24	2	48	Litter	Litter		_
					2		Litter	Litter	Cage-3	. 5
								TITLEL	Litter	1.7
Tennessee 3	/27/73	140	500	14	8	30	Litter	Litter	7 . 0	
						-		TILL.	Cage-2	. 45

 $[\]underline{1}/$ The numerals after the word "cage" refer to the number of birds per cage.

TABLE 7. -- Management, rations, laying house environment, and vaccination provided by tests, 1973-74

Continued

Test	Entries brooded inter- mingled	Min. oz./doz. for large eggs	Start	Protein (percent) Grow	Lay		energy	d)	MC/C	r. Prot.	
Cent. Canada - Test		24	14.7	10.5	16.9	1270	1290	1300	80.9	124.0	76.5
Control Ration	•		20,3	16.2	16.9	1270	1290	1300	58.0	79,1	76.9
Florida	Yes	23	22.0	9.1 15.3	16, 5	1340	1480 1371	1313	60.9	162,6 78,8	77.7
Minnesota	Yes	23	20.2	15, 2	17,5	1268	1215	1310	63.0	80.0	74.9
Missouri Cage	No	23	20,7	16.2	18.2 15.1	1318	1266	1250 1224	63.7	78, 1	68.7 81.1
Missouri Floor	No	23	20.7	16,2	17.0 15.1	1318	1266	1281 1305	63.7	78.1	75.3 86.4
New Hampshire	Yes	23,5	20.9	16.0	18, 5	1340	1319	1255	64.0	82.0	72.0
					to 15.5			to 1337			to 81.0
North Carolina	No	23	20.0	16.0	18.0	1249	1238	1303	62.4	77.4	71.2
					to 16.0			to 1335			to 80.9
Pennsylvania	Yes	24	21.0	17.0	18.0	13004	/ ₁₃₅₇ <u>4</u> /	1354 4	61.9	79.8	75.2
Tennessec	- No	23	20.8	16,5 9,0	$16.9\frac{5}{5}$ 16.9	/ / 1365 / 1365	1382 1443	1305 1305	65.6 65.6	84.0 1 5 9.0	77.3
			20.0	7• U	10.7	1303		1303	33,0	107,0	,,,,

^{2/} Metabolizable energy is the maximum quantity of feed energy that possibly may be used by the chicken.

^{3/} Metabolizable calories divided by percent crude protein.

^{4/} Approximate metabolizable energy computed from productive energy, using 70 percent as the conversion factor.

^{5/} See Tennessee Test Report for complete ration combinations.

TABLE 7.--Management, rations, laying house environment, and vaccination provided by tests, 1973-74

Continued

		Artificial			
Rearing (hours)	Laying (hours)	heat used			Ventilation
(<u>7</u> /)	(<u>8</u> /)	Yes	Ceiling Walls	27.9 15.1	Exhaust fans in roof and in east wall.
Natural	15	No	Cage Summer House Winter	13.0	Natural ridge vents
12	12 to 16	No	Ceiling Walls	15.8 12.1	Positive pressure
Natural	12 to 16	No	Ceiling Walls	15.0 13.0	Exhaust fans
10	16	No	Ceiling Walls	5.8 None	Ridge vents
Natural	14	No	Ceiling Walls	15.0 15.0	Exhaust fans in ceiling
14	14	No	Ceiling Walls	15.0 15.0	Exhaust fans
Step down	Step up to 17	No	Ceiling Walls	7.3 1.5	Natural via windows
8	12 to 17	Yes	Ceiling Walls	15,5 15,5	Exhaust
Natural	14	No	Ceiling Walls	13.0 None	Winter, Positive pressure Summer, Exhaust fans
	Rearing (hours) (7/) Natural 12 Natural 10 Natural 14 Step down 8	Rearing (hours) Laying (hours) (7/) (8/) Natural 15 12 12 to 16 Natural 12 to 16 Natural 14 14 14 Step down Step up to 17 8 12 to 17	Rearing (hours) Laying (hours) heat used (7/) (8/) Yes Natural 15 No 12 12 to 16 No Natural 12 to 16 No 10 16 No Natural 14 No 14 14 No Step down Step up down No 12 to 17 Yes	Rearing (hours) Laying (hours) heat used R Value of instance material 6. (7/) (8/) Yes Ceiling Walls Natural 15 No Cage Summer House Winter 12 12 to 16 No Ceiling Walls Natural 12 to 16 No Ceiling Walls Natural 14 No Ceiling Walls 14 14 No Ceiling Walls Step down Step up down No Ceiling Walls 8 12 to 17 Yes Ceiling Walls Natural 14 No Ceiling Walls	Rearing (hours) Laying (hours) R Value of insulation material 6

^{6/} Due to variations in type of construction, R Values will be approximate for some tests.

^{7/} At day old--18-1/2 hr.; light decreased 15 minutes per wk. to meet at 15-1/2 hr. at longest day, then natural decrease until 13-1/2 hr.

^{8/ 13-1/2} hr. until natural increase takes light hours to 15-1/2 hr. in mid-June, then light held at 15-1/2 hr. until end of test.

TABLE 7. -- Management, rations, laying house environment, and vaccination provided by tests, 1973-74

Continued

	Newcas	Newcastle		ious nitis	Fowl :	Pox		halo- litis	Coccidiosi control	8	Marek's Disease
Test	Туре	Age (wk.)	Туре	Age (wk.)	Type	Age (wk.)	Туре	Age (wk.	1 1	Age (wk.)	Age
lentral Canada	Spray Spray	1.5 19	Spray Spray	1.5 12	Wing web.	8	Water Water	8 15			1 day
`lorida	Water Water Water	1,3,10 16,32 48,64	Water Water	1,3 10,16	Wing web.	8	None		Poly-stat	0-8	l day
Ainne sota	Water Water	5 14	Water Water	5 14	Wing web.	9	None		Amprol	0-20	l day
Aissouri Cage	Water Water Water	1 7 16	Water Water Water	1 7 16	None		None		Poly-stat	0-11	1 day
Aissouri Floor	Water Water Water	1 4 10	Water Water Water	1 4 10	None	***	None		Poly-stat	0-8	I day
lew Hamp- shire	Dust Dust	2 20	Dust Dust	2 20	None		None		Cocci-Vac	1	l day
Iorth Carolina	Occular Water Water +Every 90	1 5 16 days	Occular Water	1 5	Wing web.	12	Water	14	None (cages) 6 Spcs. Gocc		l day
^o ennsyl- vania	Water Water Water	4 8 16	Water Water Water	4 8 16	Wing web,	8	None		Amprol	0-20	l day
Cennessee	Occular Occular Occular	l day 10 20	Occular Occular Occular	l day 10 20	Wing web.	10	None		Amprol	0 -20	1 day

0 662-991